वर्षों के किसी समूह में हुये परिवर्तनों के द्वारा।

(ख) मूल्य वृद्धि को रोकने के लिये सरकार द्वारा किये गये प्रमुख उपायों में, सार्वजनिक वितरण प्रणाली के द्वारा खाद्यान्नों के वितरण को बढ़ाना, अतिरिक्त बाजार व्यवस्था कर सार्वजनिक वितरण प्रणाली को सुदृढ़ करना, दालों, खाद्य तेलों और चीनी जैसी आवश्यक वस्तुओं का आयात करना, सरकारी व्यय में भारी किफायत करना, अर्थ-व्यवस्था में नकदी आरक्षण अनुपात और सांविधिक नकदी अनुपात को बढ़ाकर नकदी बाहुल्य को समाप्त करना, ऋण पर चयनात्मक तरीके से नियंत्रण करना और जमाखोरों तथा मुनाफाखोरों के विरुद्ध तेजी से कार्रवाई करना शामिल है। तत्काल कार्य वाई सुलभ करने के लिए मूल्यों पर विभिन्न स्तरों पर कड़ी निगरानी रखी जा रही है।

Rising trend in the prices of Raw Cotton

*15. SHRI KRISHNA KUMAR BIRLA: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware of the difficulties being faced by the textile mills, particularly by the textile mills in the Northern region, due to high prices of raw cotton;

(b) if so, what is the percentage of rise in the prices of raw cotton since 1986;

(c) what is the percentage of decline in the production by the textile mills due to increasing price trend of raw cotton; and

(d) what measures have been taken/are proposed to be taken by Government to make available raw cotton adequately at a reasonable price to tide over the situation?

THE MINISTER OF TEXTILES (SHRI RAM NIWAS MIRDHA): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) As compared to the prices of cotton in December, 1986 the prices of cotton in December 1987 were higher by about 56.

(c) There was no decline in the production of cotton yarn and cotton mill cloth during April-November, 1987, as compared to the corresponding period of 1986.

(d) With a view to arresting the prices of cotton and to ensure the availability of cotton, Government have suspended exports of staple cotton since July 1987. In addition, Government have permitted import of cotton on Advanced Licensing basis against export of cotton yarn, cotton fabrics and made-ups.

Seizure of Gold

*16. SHRI J. P. GOYAL: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) what is the quantity of gold seized during the last three years, year-wise and till December during 1987-88 alongwith its value;

(b) how this gold was disposed of;

(c) whether Government are aware of the rising prices of gold and silver in the open market;

(d) if so, what is the reaction of Government thereto; and

(e) what are the main factors responsible for the steep rise in the prices of gold and silver?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI AJIT PANJA): (a) The quantity and value of gold seized under the provisions of the Customs Act, 1962, during the last three financial years and in 1987-88 (till December) are as follows:—

Period	Quantity (in Kgs.)	Value (Rs. in crores)
1984-85 . .	1110.9	21.9
1985-86 . . .	2500.6	51.4
1986-87 . . .	2287.8	52.8
1987-88 . . . (upto December)	1478.9	45.8